



Frost Protection Calibration Quick Check

Guidelines for Solid Set on Row Crops

Download from: www.claw.net.nz/resources/irrigation

Measurement Procedure What equipment will you need?

This guide and the worksheet

- 20 Collectors >150mm (9L buckets with handles)
- 1 Measuring cylinder (about 1 Litre)
- 1 50 m tape
- 1 Stop watch
- 1 Pen or pencil

Application test

- 1 Set up the test grid as described
- 2 Run the system to collect an easily measured amount of water. Record the run time
- 3 Measure the volume of water caught in each bucket. Record each in the correct position
- 4 Do the calculations as shown in the worksheet

Test Grid Layout

- 1 Observe the proposed test area in operation
- 2 Choose an area where all sprinklers appear to be operating correctly
- 3 Select four adjacent rows, starting with a sprinkler row (Diagram 1 in Guidelines)
- 4 Space five collectors (buckets) evenly between two adjacent sprinklers on the first row (Diagram 2 in Guidelines)
- 5 Align collectors in the crop row to represent the canopy to be protected. It may be easy to hang them by their handles on trellis wires
- 6 Space additional sets of five collectors on the three adjacent rows forming a square grid of twenty collectors in total (Diag 1).

Recording

Record details from the field in the boxes below and over the page. Use the same measurement units (e.g. millimetres or metres) as specified and your calculated answers will have the correct units.

	Area 1					
	Property Name					
	Area 1 Test Date					
	Area 1 Block					
	Area 1 Rows					
	Wind conditions					
	Temperature					
а	Test Pressure at pump [kPa]					
b	Water Meter Flow Rate [m ³ /hr]					
С	Target Application Rate [mm/hr]					
d	Actual Application Rate [mm/hr]					
e	Variance (d / c x 100) [%]					
f	Row width wetted [m]					
g	Length of rows operating [m]					
h	Area wetted (f x g / 10,000) [ha]					
i	*Field Flow Rate (d x h x10) [m³/hr]					
j	Variance (i / b x 100)					

	Area 2					
	Property Name					
	Area 1 Test Date					
	Area 1 Block					
	Area 1 Rows					
	Wind conditions					
	Temperature					
а	Test Pressure at pump [kPa]					
b	Water Meter Flow Rate [m³/hr]					
с	Target Application Rate [mm/hr]					
d	Actual Application Rate [mm/hr]					
e	Variance (d / c x 100) [%]					
f	Row width wetted [m]					
g	Length of rows operating [m]					
h	Area wetted (f x g / 10,000) [ha]					
i	*Field Flow Rate (d x h x10) [m³/hr]					
j	Variance (i / b x 100) [%]				

^{*} Calculating Field Flow Rate is difficult if there are varying row or sprinkler set ups in different areas within one system

Worksheet for Row Crop Frost Protection Calibration

Enter your field measurements from Area 1 collectors by Row (R1 - R4) Complete the calculations as shown Repeat for Area 2 Use additional Worksheets for extra test areas

Area 1						
Collected Volumes (mL)	Enter lowest five volumes in boxes 1 – 5					
R1/1	1					
R1/2	2					
R1/3	3					
R1/4	4					
R1/5	5					
SUM R1	SUM Lo5					
R2/1	AVG Lo5					
R2/2	SUM ALL					
R2/3	AVG ALL					
R2/4	Calculate DU AVG Lo5 / AVG ALL					
R2/5	DU					
SUM R2	Calculate Ave Applied Depth					
R3/1	Collector Area = (MouthDiam/2) ² x 3.14					
R3/2	Mouth Diam m					
R3/3	Area m²					
R3/4	Depth = AVG Vol ÷ Collector Area ÷ 1000					
R3/5	Depth mm					
SUM R3	Calculate Application Rate:					
R4/1	Depth / Test Time					
R4/2	Test Time hr					
R4/3	App Rate mm/h					
R4/4	Calc. Excess Water Factor EWF%					
R4/5	= ((Rate ÷ DU) - Rate) ÷ Rate x 100					
SUM R4	EWF %					
SUM ALL						

Area 2						
Collected Volumes (mL)			Enter lowest five volumes in boxes 1 – 5			
1			1			
2			2			
3			3			
4			4			
5			5			
SUM R1			SUM Lo5			
1			AVG Lo5			
2			SUM ALL			
3			AVG ALL			
4			Calculate DU AVG Lo5 / AVG ALL			
5			DU			
SUM R2			Calculate Ave Applied Depth			
1			Collector Area = (MouthDiam/2) ² x 3.14			
2			Mouth Diam m	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		
3			Area m2			
4			Depth = AVG Vol ÷ Collector Area ÷ 1000			
5			Depth mm			
SUM R3			Calculate Application Rate:			
1			Depth / Test Time			
2			Test Time hr			
3			App Rate mm/h			
4			Calculate Excess Water Factor EWF%			
5			= ((Rate ÷ DU) -Rate) ÷ Rate x 100			
SUM R4			EWF %			
SUM ALL						